



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

the oldest graduates of the university, and at present a trustee.

Renfrew. \$12,000 from Carnegie Corporation.

South Norwich Township. \$6,000 from Carnegie Corporation, for a building to be located at Otterville.

Quebec

Montreal. Free Public library. A bequest estimated at from \$25,000 to \$75,000, to aid in the establishment of a public library "free from all civic or ecclesiastical control," by the will of Henry H. Lyman, who lost his life on the "Empress of Ireland."

———. McGill University. By the will of Henry H. Lyman, his entomological collection of 375 vols. besides pamphlets and specimens, and an endowment fund of \$40,000 for its maintenance.

SPONSORS FOR KNOWLEDGE

By G. W. Lee

(See Bulletin of the A. L. A., January, 1916, p. 25-26)

The following, arranged by the Dewey System, includes what has been received to date, and may suggest what might to advantage come soon:

- 050 —Literary annuals. F. W. Faxon, 83 Francis St., Fenway, Boston.
- 050 —Periodical literature, bibliography of, F. W. Faxon.
- 050 —Serials currently received in Boston. T. J. Homer, 4 Linwood Square, Roxbury, Mass.
- 174 —Vocational guidance. Vocation Bureau, F. J. Allen, 6 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.
- 310 —Almanacs, comparison of various. Library School, New York Public Library, 476 Fifth Ave., New York.
- 324 —Proportional representation. American Proportional Representation League, C. G. Hoag, general secretary, Haverford, Pa.
- 328.26—Direct legislation (Initiative and Referendum, Recall). Editors of "Equity," 1520 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
- 331 —Labor. Chicago P. L.
- 331.87—Syndicalism. St. Louis P. L.
- 332 —Banking and credit. Library of American Bankers' Association, 5 Nassau St., New York.
- 336.2 —Single tax. Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary, Dept. of Labor, Washington, D. C.
- 336.2 —Taxation. Massachusetts State Library, Boston.
- 351.94—Judicial administration (or court reform). American Judicature Society, 1732 First National Bank Bldg., Chicago.
- 352.7 —Toll gates and toll roads. Frederick J. Wood, 147 Milk St., Boston.
- 374 —Correspondence clubs, international. Eugene F. McPike, 1200 Michigan Ave., Chicago.
- 380 —Public utilities commissions, railroad commissions and their reports. Utilities Publication Committee, 50 Church St., New York.
- 383 —Philately. Springfield (Mass.) City L.
- 386 —Erie Canal. Buffalo Public Library.
- 408.9 —International language bureau (Switzerland). Eugene F. McPike, 1200 Michigan Ave., Chicago.
- 408.9 —Esperanto. G. W. Lee, 147 Milk St., Boston.
- 408.9 —Ido. Eugene F. McPike, 1200 Michigan Ave., Chicago.
- 427 —Dialect. American Dialect Society, Percy W. Long, Secretary, Warren House, Harvard University, Cambridge.
- 614.8 —Accidents. David S. Beyer, manager Accident Prevention Dept., Mass. Employes' Insurance Assn., 185 Devonshire St., Boston.
- 620 —Engineering (civil, mechanical, electrical and railway). Engineering Magazine, L. O. Kellogg, Associate Editor, 140-142 Nassau St., New York.
- 621.33—Electric railways. C. B. Fairchild, Jr., Phila. Rapid Transit Co., 1035 Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.
- 628.46—Snow, removal of. Lewis A. Armistead, 101 Milk St., Boston.

- 636.1 —Horse. Mounted Service School, J. A. Crane, 1st Lieutenant, 5th Field Artillery, Secretary, Fort Riley, Kans.
- 656 —Railway economics. Bureau of Railway Economics Library, Homer Bldg., 13th and F Sts., Washington.
- 658 —Scientific research as applied to business. Waldemar Kaempfert, Editor Popular Science Monthly, 239 Fourth Ave., New York.
- 664.8 —Perishable commodities, transportation of. Eugene F. McPike, Mgr. Perishable freight service, Illinois Central R. R., 1200 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago.
- 664.9 —Packing industry. John Crerar L., Chicago.
- 710 —City planning. Frank A. Bourne, 79 Kilby St., Boston.
- 720 —Architecture and furniture, colonial. Worcester (Mass.) F. P. L.
- 728 —Houses, pictures of old, outside of New England. Library, Boston Athenaeum.
- 796 —New England, outdoor. Helen Granger, 47 Prentiss St., Cambridge, Mass.
- 796 —Play and recreation. Playground and Recreation Association of America, 1 Madison Ave., New York.
- 811.36—Whittier, J. G. Haverhill (Mass.) P. L.
- 821.31—Spenser, Edmund. Percy W. Long, Warren House, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.
- 929.6 —Heraldry, American. Charles K. Bolton, Boston Athenaeum.
- 974.45—Essex Co., Mass., genealogy and local history of. Haverhill (Mass.) P. L.
- 974.48—Plymouth Co., Mass. Brockton (Mass.) P. L.
- 974.79—Niagara Frontier. Buffalo Public Library.
- 975.2 —Maryland. Bernard C. Steiner, Enoch Pratt F. L., Baltimore, Md.
- 975.3 —Washington, D. C., sources of information in. Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.
- 977 —Great Lakes. Frederick J. Shepard, reference librarian Buffalo Public Library.

It is evident that the working catalog will need a threefold arrangement: by classes, as above; alphabetically by subject, as in the January Bulletin; alphabetically by names of sponsors.

More registrations will be welcome before adopting measures for calling for formal credentials or rules covering the terms upon which information is given out. (Of course, properly entering a single topic is an item of expense, and this will need to be financed later on.)

To become a sponsor. Such a brief memorandum as the following is sufficient for present purposes:

"I send the following for inclusion in your list: 'Vocational Guidance: Vocation Bureau, 6 Beacon Street, Boston.'

"F. J. Allen.

"March 6, 1916."

What may be expected of a sponsor, except to wait for something to happen? He may do well to send a bibliography, statement, or memorandum, of whatever length he may choose, giving sources of information, with also descriptive matter, if thought best, relating to the topics in question. The following, by the sponsor for Esperanto, may serve as a type (in which some descriptive matters seems needed):

Sources of Information Re International Language Esperanto

The language is regularly, briefly, and well described in the World Almanac—in the 1916 issue, see page 557—though good descriptions are also given in various other annuals, encyclopedias, etc. The world headquarters is that of the Universal Esperanto Association, 10 Rue de la Bourse, Geneva, Switzerland. There are monthly publications in the chief countries of the world, and there have been ten congresses, beginning with 1905: Boulogne, Geneva, Cambridge (Eng.), Dresden, Barcelona, Washington, Antwerp, Cracow, Berne and San Francisco, and Copenhagen has been suggested for 1916. The war, besides interrupting various publications, prevented

the congress which was about to be held in Paris in 1914. Much propaganda work continues, however, in spite of and because of the war; the men in the trenches and in the hospitals, and the "interned" in general, finding a useful diversion in teaching and in learning this international tongue, while those needing to intercommunicate, whether as allies in the fight or as attendant helpers, bear witness to the language difficulties they now have to encounter. Information regarding such matters, as also of the movement in America, may be obtained of the Esperanto Office, West Newton, Mass. By sending four cents in postage to that address a booklet, entitled "The Whole of Esperanto," may be had, giving not only a concise statement of the grammar, but for practice an Esperanto translation of Hans Christian Andersen's "Ugly Duckling," with a general vocabulary. By sending sums varying from \$2.00 to \$6.00 combination sets are obtainable, including grammars, dictionaries, and a subscription to the official publication of the Esperanto Association of North America, entitled "Amerika Esperantisto." An interesting comment on teaching Esperanto to children is given in Chapter III of "Natural Education," by Winifred Sackville Stoner, published by the Bobbs-Merrill Company.

Statements of about the same length as the above may prove sufficient for the majority of topics, except that in many cases the actual names of persons—living authorities—would be appreciated (e. g., for City Planning, Heraldry, the Packing Industry, Taxation and other topics listed in the January Bulletin). Moreover, at the outset, and until the system becomes widely used, individual sponsorships may be better, as being more enthusiastic than institutions; yet for permanency, and for likelihood of less bias, institutions should

generally prevail.* But this is crossing the bridge too soon. We need registrations—advocates of the system—at present. "Sponsors for sponsors" and a consulate will follow in their season.

[Public Libraries for April will contain an article entitled "International Society for Inter-Communication," by Eugene F. McPike, 1200 Michigan avenue, Chicago, and will give according to the Dewey Decimal Classification system a considerable number of subjects within the scope of the organization, the official organ of which, to be issued monthly, will be the Link, which is published abroad and of which Mr. McPike will be the American representative. —Editor.]

LABOR-SAVING DEVICE EXHIBIT

Plans are now being made for an exhibit of labor-saving devices and equipment similar to the Washington exhibit of 1914, to be held at the coming conference at Asbury Park. The exhibit will be held in the basement of the New Monterey Hotel, occupying two large rooms and a connecting hallway on the ocean side. The location and arrangement of the rooms offer excellent opportunities for a successful exhibit, and every effort will be made to make this feature of the conference an attractive and profitable one.

A more detailed announcement of the plans will be printed in the next issue of the Bulletin. The general nature of the exhibit will be the same as that of the one held in 1914, but a special effort will be made to make the display of the highest possible practical value to small libraries, as well as to those of larger income.

The committee will welcome all suggestions of devices which it may be desirable to include in this exhibit, especially of all the small and inexpensive devices and appliances which anyone has found of use as time and labor savers. Criticisms of the 1914 exhibit and suggestions for improvement will also be gratefully received. Correspondence should be addressed to Mr. C. Seymour Thompson, Public Library, Washington, D. C.

*The Esperanto Association of North America, while a more appropriate eventual sponsor, than an individual, might, however, be less appropriate than some institution, or department thereof, that is interested in languages, and particularly international languages, with no special axe to grind. It is likely that inquiries would come, as they frequently do, for Ido, Idiom Neutrale, Ro. Langue Bleu, etc.